

FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION

# 2017 FINANCIAL REPORT

STRENGTHENING FLORIDA'S COMMUNITIES





**GOVERNOR**

Rick Scott

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Ray Dubuque, Chairman

**EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

Harold L. "Trey" Price





**FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION**  
(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

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## Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

The Board of Directors, Executive Director, and Chief Financial  
Officer of Florida Housing Finance Corporation

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Florida Housing Finance Corporation (“Florida Housing”), a component unit of the state of Florida, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### **Management’s Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor’s Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity’s preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity’s internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Florida Housing as of December 31, 2017, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

## **Other Matters**

### *Required Supplementary Information*

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that management's discussion and analysis on pages 6-11 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### *Supplementary Information*

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Florida Housing's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary schedules as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial





statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, the supplementary schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### **Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards**

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we also have issued our report dated June 6, 2018 on our consideration of Florida Housing's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Florida Housing's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Florida Housing's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

*Ernst + Young LLP*

June 8, 2018



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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION  
AND ANALYSIS

# FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

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As management of the Florida Housing Finance Corporation (Florida Housing), we offer readers of Florida Housing's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of Florida Housing's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2017. This overview and analysis is required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- As a result of operations in 2017, net position increased \$206.9 million to \$2.5 billion as of December 31, 2017. This change consists of increases in State and Federal programs (\$127.4 million), Single Family bond programs (\$66.4 million), the Operating Fund (\$10.8 million), Guarantee Program (\$2.1 million), and Subsidiary Corporations (\$0.2 million).
- Loans receivable, net increased by \$73.4 million to \$2.2 billion in 2017. This change consists of increases in State and Federal programs (\$87.1 million) and the Operating Fund (\$0.3 million), with offsetting decreases in the Multifamily Housing Revenue bond programs (\$4.4 million), and the Single Family bond programs (\$9.6 million).
- Notes and bonds outstanding, net decreased by \$33.8 million to \$1.9 billion in 2017. The overall decrease is comprised of decreases in Single Family bond programs (\$31.0 million) and Multifamily Housing Revenue bond programs (\$2.8 million).
- The change in net position for all programs and funds increased \$65.0 million from \$141.9 million in 2016 to \$206.9 million in 2017. This change consists of increases in the State and Federal programs (\$39.8 million), the Single Family bond programs (\$23.5 million), the Guarantee Program (\$1.7 million), and the Subsidiary Corporations (\$0.2 million), with an offsetting decrease in the Operating Fund (\$0.2 million).

### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements consist of two parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Financial Statements. Florida Housing is a component unit of the state of Florida and follows enterprise fund reporting. Therefore, the financial statements are presented in a manner similar to that of a private business, using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The financial statements report information for all of Florida Housing's programs and operations. The *Statement of Net Position* includes all of Florida Housing's assets and liabilities. The difference between assets and liabilities is presented as net position, and is displayed in two components: restricted net position and unrestricted net position. Included in the Statement of Net Position are notes and bonds issued by Florida Housing as conduit debt and, as such, both principal and interest are payable solely from the assets and income of the various programs which are pledged under the bond resolutions authorizing the specific issues. These issues do not constitute an obligation, either general or special, of Florida Housing, the state of Florida, or of any local government



therein. Neither the faith, credit and revenues nor the taxing power of the state of Florida or any local government therein may be pledged to the payment of the principal or interest on the obligations. Net position is restricted when external constraints are placed upon its use, such as trust indentures, legal agreements, statutes or laws. Conduit debt and related assets reported on the Statement of Net Position include \$2.5 billion in assets and \$1.9 billion in conduit debt of net notes and bonds payable as of December 31, 2017.

The *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position* identifies all of Florida Housing's revenues and expenses for the reporting period, distinguishing between operating and nonoperating activities. This statement measures Florida Housing's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether Florida Housing has recovered all of its costs through lending activities, externally funded programs and other revenue sources.

The *Statement of Cash Flows* provides information about Florida Housing's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting period. This statement reports cash transactions, including receipts, payments and net changes resulting from operations, noncapital financing, and investing activities. This statement provides information regarding the sources and uses of cash and the change in cash during the reporting period.

The *Notes to the Financial Statements* provide additional information that is essential for understanding financial data that may not be displayed on the face of the financial statements and, as such, are an integral part of Florida Housing's basic financial statements.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF FLORIDA HOUSING

### Statements of Net Position

The following table summarizes the assets, liabilities, and net position (in millions) as of December 31:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>\$ Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Current assets	\$ 1,489.7	\$ 1,176.3	\$ 313.4	26.6%
Noncurrent assets				
Investments, net	1,206.0	1,377.8	(171.8)	(12.5%)
Loans receivable, net	2,069.0	2,013.5	55.5	2.8%
Other assets, net	0.2	0.2	-	-
Total assets	<u>4,764.9</u>	<u>4,567.8</u>	<u>197.1</u>	<u>4.3%</u>
Current liabilities	349.1	373.1	(24.0)	(6.4%)
Noncurrent liabilities				
Notes payable, net	79.2	59.1	20.1	34.0%
Bonds payable, net	1,634.9	1,647.1	(12.2)	(0.7%)
Unearned fee income, net	121.6	111.5	10.1	9.1%
Due to developers	82.1	85.9	(3.8)	(4.4%)
Total liabilities	<u>2,266.9</u>	<u>2,276.7</u>	<u>(9.8)</u>	<u>(0.4%)</u>
Net position				
Restricted	2,344.3	2,147.1	197.2	9.2%
Unrestricted	153.7	144.0	9.7	6.7%
Total net position	<u>\$ 2,498.0</u>	<u>\$ 2,291.1</u>	<u>\$ 206.9</u>	<u>9.0%</u>

Total loans receivable, net (current and noncurrent) increased \$73.4 million in 2017. The largest component of this change was an increase in mortgage loans outstanding in the State and Federal programs. Loans receivable in the State and Federal programs increased by \$87.1 million, to \$1.3 billion, primarily due to a reduction in the allowance for loan loss.

Notes and bonds payable, net (current and noncurrent) decreased \$33.8 million, to \$1.9 billion, in 2017. Single family bonds outstanding, showed a net decrease of \$31.0 million, primarily from principal payments on bonds. The \$2.8 million net decrease in multifamily notes and bonds outstanding is comprised of a decrease due to principal payments on notes and bonds (\$87.2 million), offset by note and bond issuances (\$84.4 million). Included in the total payments of \$87.2 million for notes and bonds are early retirements of \$20.7 million.

Net position of the bond programs, State and Federal programs and a portion of the Operating Fund are classified as restricted because the uses of the funds are directed by trust indentures, state statute, state law or federal regulations.

Florida Housing has designated all the unrestricted net position in the Operating Fund, \$153.8 million, for support of the single family program, a dedicated reserve for operations, including a housing credit compliance monitoring reserve, for demonstration and other program initiatives, and other risks and contingencies as approved by the Board.

### Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The following table summarizes the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position (in millions) for the years ended December 31:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>\$ Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Operating revenues				
Interest on loans	\$ 45.0	\$ 59.0	\$ (14.0)	(23.7%)
Investment income	110.9	99.2	11.7	11.8%
Fee income	18.0	19.7	(1.7)	(8.6%)
Federal program administrative fees	10.2	12.7	(2.5)	(19.7%)
Other income	2.0	1.4	0.6	42.9%
Total operating revenues	<u>186.1</u>	<u>192.0</u>	<u>(5.9)</u>	<u>(3.1%)</u>
Operating expenses				
Interest expense	48.4	60.0	(11.6)	(19.3%)
Payments to other governments	99.0	117.2	(18.2)	(15.5%)
Provision for uncollectible loans	(41.9)	11.9	(53.8)	(452.1%)
General and administrative	46.1	48.3	(2.2)	(4.6%)
Total operating expenses	<u>151.6</u>	<u>237.4</u>	<u>(85.8)</u>	<u>(36.1%)</u>
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Federal and state program revenue	257.7	167.1	90.6	54.2%
Federal and state program expenses	(252.4)	(169.2)	(83.2)	49.2%
State documentary stamp tax revenue	284.0	270.4	13.6	5.0%
Transfers to state agencies	(116.9)	(81.0)	(35.9)	44.3%
Net nonoperating revenues	<u>172.4</u>	<u>187.3</u>	<u>(14.9)</u>	<u>(8.0%)</u>
Change in net position	<u>\$ 206.9</u>	<u>\$ 141.9</u>	<u>\$ 65.0</u>	<u>45.8%</u>

Investment income increased \$11.7 million in 2017. The overall increase was comprised of an increase in investment income for the Single Family bond programs (\$8.5 million), the Multifamily bond programs (\$0.3 million), the Guarantee Program (\$0.5 million), State and Federal programs (\$1.6 million), and the Operating Fund (\$0.8 million). Unrealized loss on investments in 2017 was \$25.4 million, compared to a \$13.8 million unrealized loss recorded in 2016. Actual income earned from investments increased \$21.6 million from 2016, a result of increasing interest rates.

Total operating expenses decreased \$85.8 million, to \$151.6 million in 2017. Components of the decrease include decreases in the provision for uncollectible loans (\$53.8 million), the payment of State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) funds to local governments (\$16.6 million), interest expense (\$11.7 million), general and administrative expenses (\$2.1 million), and transfers to other state agencies (\$1.6 million). The decrease in provision for uncollectible loans is due to the adjustment of the allowance for loan loss to reflect the experience in the loan portfolio, primarily in the SAIL program. The decrease in bond interest expense is due to a reduction in outstanding bonds and the timing of bond issuances in 2017.

Net nonoperating revenues decreased \$14.9 million, to \$172.4 million in 2017. Increases in documentary stamp tax revenue and net federal and state program revenue were offset by an increase in required transfers to the State.

For the Multifamily and Single Family bond programs, investment income (\$98.8 million) is the primary component of total revenues. Bond interest expense (\$48.4 million) is the largest expense item.

Florida Housing's revenues in the Operating Fund were primarily generated from issuer fees (\$10.0 million), fees related to multifamily programs (\$8.0 million) and administrative fees for federal programs (\$6.1 million). General and administrative expenses (\$21.9 million), which include operating expenses and program administration (credit underwriting, servicing, and monitoring), comprise the bulk of expenses in the Operating Fund.

Receipt of documentary stamp taxes in the housing trust funds (\$284.0 million) and revenue from federal and state programs (\$257.7 million) make up the majority of the revenues in the State and Federal programs. Federal and state program expenses (\$252.4 million) and transfers to state agencies (\$116.9 million) are the largest components of expenses. The increase in the change in net position in the State and Federal programs is primarily due to increases in state documentary stamp tax revenue (\$13.6 million) and federal and state program revenues (\$90.6 million), offset by the increase in transfers to state agencies (\$35.9 million).

## **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

At year-end, Florida Housing had total notes and bonds outstanding of \$1.9 billion, net of unamortized premium. This represents a net decrease of \$33.8 million during 2017, resulting from principal payments (\$322.3 million), offset by the issuance of bonds and premiums (\$288.4 million). All bonds issued in the First Time Homebuyer Program are backed by Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae) or Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac) securities and have maintained AAA or AA ratings. More detailed information about Florida Housing's debt is presented in Note 10 to the financial statements.

## OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following comments on Florida's economy come primarily from a presentation entitled *Florida: An Economic Overview*, dated February 7, 2018, produced by The Florida Legislature Office of Economic and Demographic Research (EDR). This document highlights the key economic variables, including tourism, employment, construction and population, that impact Florida's economy and overall growth. Other than tourism numbers, these are issues that also impact Florida's affordable housing needs and capacity.

Below are very summarized comments from the EDR report.

- The Florida economy continues to grow with the third quarter results for 2017 calendar year showing a 3.0 percent real growth over the prior quarter.
- Current unemployment conditions in Florida show that the December unemployment rate was 3.7% compared to a 4.1% rate for the U.S. "The Revenue Estimating Conference now assumes Florida is below the "full employment" unemployment rate (about 4 percent)."
- Population growth is strengthening and "is the state's primary engine of economic growth...".
- Housing in Florida is generally improving. Documentary stamp tax collections are indicative of housing transactions. "Documentary Stamp Tax collections saw 6.2% growth in FY 2016-17 over FY 2015-16."
- The preliminary homeownership rate for calendar year 2017 in Florida is at its lowest recorded rate at 64.1%. The lowest rate previously recorded was in 1989 at 64.4%.
- However, single-family building permit activity, an indicator of new construction, remains in positive territory. "Preliminary data for 2017 indicate that single family activity was 11.7% over 2016. Despite the strong percentage growth rates in five of the last six calendar years, the level is still low by historic standards – about half of the long-run per capita level."
- "Diverted homeowners and shifting preferences among Millennials have caused residential rental vacancies to tighten strongly in 2015 and 2016; price pressure continues to build." Preliminary calendar year data for 2017 shows an "8.6% vacancy rate". At the end of 2017, the vacancy rate of the Florida Housing Finance Corporation funded portfolio of multifamily developments was 3%.
- According to the EDR report, Florida's financial condition in 2017 improved to more typical levels.

Two hurricanes, one in Florida and one in Puerto Rico, impacted housing in the state. Hurricane Irma hit the state in September with resulting damage in the Keys and on both coasts. As of April 19, 2018, FEMA data show that slightly over \$690 million was approved for housing assistance due to Hurricane Irma. Soon after Irma, Puerto Rico was hit by Hurricane Maria with widespread damage on the island causing over 20,000 of these U.S. citizens to relocate to Florida. These two hurricanes resulted in both fewer housing units available and higher numbers of citizens seeking housing, especially affordable housing.

In addition, in December, the specter of Congressional action to eliminate private activity bonds by year end resulted in out of the ordinary bond sale activity nationally for both single and multifamily



programs. To avoid the risk that private activity bonds would not be a financing resource for Florida Housing's single family homeownership program, \$200 million of single family bonds were sold in mid-December to be used in the program in 2018. Similarly, to avoid the risk of losing private activity bonds as a financing source for multifamily developments, several bond closings were expedited in December. By the end of the year, it was clear that private activity bonds were not eliminated in the Congressional action allowing some of the multifamily transactions to reassess the timeline and move closing the transactions into 2018.

Florida Housing programs include various federal and state initiatives designed to help improve the residential real estate market. The U.S. Treasury Housing Finance Agency Innovation Fund for the Hardest-Hit Housing Markets (Hardest Hit Fund) continues to be administered by Florida Housing. This program began the wind down phase in late December 2017 and continues in 2018 as the resources for the program become fully committed. The final disbursement on this program will conclude no later than 2021.

The portfolio of the Affordable Housing Guarantee Program continued the reduction in risk exposure with the refinancing of guaranteed transactions. The leveraging ratio of the program was 0.15:1 (risk to capital) at December 31, 2017, well within the Board established maximum of 5:1.

The Board-approved 2017 operating budget of \$19.9 million, exclusive of direct Hardest Hit Fund expenses, which are fully funded by that program, was adequate to fund operations. Actual operating expenses of \$16.9 million were 15.2% less than the total approved budget.

The initial tax-exempt bond allocation for 2018 is \$526.5 million, an increase of \$35.6 million from the 2017 initial allocation. The per capita allocation increased from \$100 in 2017 to \$105 in 2018 and Florida's increased population accounted for the larger 2018 allocation.

Please contact Barbara E. Goltz, Chief Financial Officer, at (850) 488-4197 with your comments, questions or requests for additional information.

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

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### ASSETS

#### CURRENT ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 239,336,595
Investments, net	1,090,884,247
Interest receivable on investments	6,115,577
Interest receivable on loans	5,685,953
Loans receivable, net	116,459,742
Documentary stamp taxes receivable	30,638,026
Property held for sale	355,760
Other assets	221,360
Total current assets	<u>1,489,697,260</u>

#### NONCURRENT ASSETS

Investments, net	1,205,965,256
Loans receivable, net	2,069,032,964
Other assets, net	225,602
Total noncurrent assets	<u>3,275,223,822</u>

#### TOTAL ASSETS

4,764,921,082

### LIABILITIES

#### CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and other liabilities	86,564,364
Accrued interest payable	16,272,980
Collateralized bank loans	34,110,000
Notes payable, net	10,624,295
Bonds payable, net	198,393,264
Unearned fee income, net	3,116,932
Total current liabilities	<u>349,081,835</u>

#### NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Notes payable, net	79,232,742
Bonds payable, net	1,634,915,121
Unearned fee income, net	121,579,669
Due to developers	82,057,577
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>1,917,785,109</u>

#### TOTAL LIABILITIES

2,266,866,944

### NET POSITION

Restricted	2,344,288,675
Unrestricted	153,765,463

#### TOTAL NET POSITION

\$ 2,498,054,138

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.



# FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

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### OPERATING REVENUES

Interest on loans	\$ 45,027,734
Investment income	110,852,543
Fee income	18,049,338
Federal program administrative fees	10,200,898
Other income	<u>1,982,122</u>
Total operating revenues	186,112,635

### OPERATING EXPENSES

Interest expense	48,362,052
Payments to other governments	98,987,155
Provision for uncollectible loans	(41,907,014)
General and administrative	<u>46,110,798</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>151,552,991</u>

OPERATING INCOME 34,559,644

### NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)

Federal and state program revenue	257,710,836
Federal and state program expense	(252,390,816)
State documentary stamp tax revenue	283,950,985
Payments to state agencies	<u>(116,914,438)</u>
Net nonoperating revenues	<u>172,356,567</u>

CHANGE IN NET POSITION 206,916,211

### NET POSITION

Beginning of year	<u>2,291,137,927</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 2,498,054,138</u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

# FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

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CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Interest received on conduit debt fund investments	\$ 121,897,564
Cash received from interest on loans receivable	45,428,472
Cash received from principal payments on loans receivable	137,828,685
Cash received for federal program administrative fees	11,917,810
Cash received from fee income	18,049,338
Cash received from other revenues	11,700,013
Cash payments for issuance of loans and federal programs	(425,053,779)
Interest paid on conduit debt fund bonds	(61,030,868)
Cash payments for operating expenses	(57,965,327)
Payments to other governments	(98,987,155)
Net cash used for operation of foreclosed properties	(14,683)
Proceeds from disposition of property held for sale	1,000
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>(296,228,930)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Proceeds from issuance of notes	33,370,526
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	255,070,402
Principal payments on notes	(8,184,571)
Principal payments on bonds	(305,369,321)
Proceeds from collateralized bank loan	34,110,000
Cash received for federal and state programs	257,710,836
State documentary stamp tax receipts	282,246,299
Payments to state agencies	(116,914,438)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u>432,039,733</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Purchases of investments	(3,561,043,750)
Proceeds from the sale and maturity of investments	3,416,369,386
Interest received on investments	12,836,670
NET CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	<u>(131,837,694)</u>
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,973,109
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	
Beginning of year	<u>235,363,486</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 239,336,595</u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

# FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

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### RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Operating income	\$ 34,559,644
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash used by operating activities	
Unrealized loss on investments	25,360,584
Provision for uncollectible loans	(41,907,014)
Amortization and depreciation	(13,715,769)
Interest received on investments	(12,836,670)
Disposition of property held for sale	286,900
Changes in assets and liabilities which provided (used) cash	
Interest receivable on investments	(169,343)
Interest receivable on loans	529,217
Loans receivable	(283,781,507)
Other assets	2,117,939
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(12,397,862)
Accrued interest payable	(3,919,206)
Unearned fee income	13,507,483
Due to developers	(3,863,326)
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>\$ (296,228,930)</u>

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

# FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

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### 1. REPORTING ENTITY

The Florida Housing Finance Corporation (Florida Housing) was created by Chapter 420, Part V, Florida Statutes as a public corporation. On January 1, 1998, Florida Housing assumed all the rights, responsibilities, and obligations of its predecessor, the Florida Housing Finance Agency (the Agency).

In 1980, the Agency, a public body corporate and politic with no taxing power, was established as a state agency within the Florida Department of Community Affairs by the Florida Housing Finance Agency Act (the Act). The Agency was created to finance housing for low, moderate, and middle income persons. Under the Act, the Agency was authorized to borrow money through the issuance of bonds, notes, or other obligations to finance multifamily housing developments and single family residential housing. The 2011 Legislature eliminated the Department of Community Affairs; Florida Housing is now administratively associated with the Department of Economic Opportunity.

Florida Housing is a discretely presented component unit of the state of Florida for financial reporting purposes. The accompanying component unit financial statements present the net position, changes in net position, and cash flows of the proprietary fund, which includes all programs administered by Florida Housing.

In July 2008, Florida Housing formed FHFC II, Inc. and in July 2009 added FHFC III, Inc. Both are wholly-owned subsidiaries established for the charitable, non-profit purpose of taking title to, managing and disposing of property acquired by Florida Housing from time to time through any of Florida Housing's programs.

Florida Housing has determined that, except for the blended activity of FHFC II and FHFC III, there are no other entities that meet the criteria for inclusion in Florida Housing's financial statements.

Notes and bonds issued by Florida Housing are conduit debt and are payable, both as to principal and interest, solely from the assets and income of the various programs which are pledged under the resolutions authorizing the particular issues. These issues do not constitute an obligation, either general or special, of Florida Housing, the state of Florida, or of any local government therein. Neither the faith, credit and revenues, nor the taxing power of the state of Florida or any local government therein shall be pledged to the payment of the principal or interest on the obligations. Conduit debt outstanding, net of unamortized premium, was \$1.9 billion as of December 31, 2017.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Florida Housing's financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as applied to governmental units engaged in business-type activities. The significant accounting policies of Florida Housing are described below.

***Basis of Presentation*** – Florida Housing accounts for its activities through the use of an enterprise fund. An enterprise fund is used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful for sound financial administration. Florida Housing’s accounting records are organized using subfunds to account separately in the general ledger for the bond programs, Guarantee Program, certain state and federally funded programs, subsidiary corporations and the operations of Florida Housing. The operations of each subfund are accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with related liabilities, net position, revenues, expenses, and transfers.

***Basis of Accounting*** – Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

***Financial Statement Presentation*** – Florida Housing distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with Florida Housing’s ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of Florida Housing are interest income on loans, investment income, federal program administrative fees and recovery of claims. Operating expenses include interest expense, provision for uncollectible loans and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

***Cash and Cash Equivalents*** – Florida Housing considers all uninvested amounts to be cash and all investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

***Investments*** – Investments are stated at fair value, except for nonparticipating guaranteed investment agreements, which are stated at cost. Fair value of Florida Housing’s investment in the state investment pool is determined by the fair value per share of the pool’s underlying portfolio.

***Loans Receivable*** – Loans receivable are carried at their uncollected principal balances. Servicing of most loans is provided by various servicing organizations on behalf of Florida Housing. Servicing costs on single family bond loans are recorded as a reduction of interest income.

***Allowances*** – The determination of the allowance for loan losses is based on an evaluation of the loan portfolio, current economic conditions, and other factors relevant to a determination of the collectability of the loans and reflects an amount which, in management’s judgment, is adequate to provide for potential losses. Adjustments to the allowance for loan losses are made by provisions charged to current operations. Allowances for forgiveness are recorded for the full outstanding balances of forgivable loans. Adjustments to the allowance for forgiveness are made by provisions charged to non-operating expenses.

***Property Held for Sale*** – Property held for sale arises from foreclosures on properties pledged as collateral on mortgage loans. The property is recorded at the lower of cost or fair value less estimated selling costs at the date of foreclosure and is adjusted, if necessary, at year end.

***Bond Discounts / Premiums*** – Discounts and premiums on bonds payable are amortized over the life of the related issue using the effective interest method.



**Interest Income** – Interest on mortgage loans and investments is recorded as income when earned. Interest income is recorded net of fees.

**Claims Expense and Recoveries** – Claims expense is recorded in the Guarantee Program when payment is made on the associated bonds. If the claim is made under the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Risk Sharing Program, the expense is only the Guarantee Program's portion as the claim is shared equally with HUD. Recoveries are recorded at the time of foreclosure, when title to the property passes to Florida Housing and are adjusted upon sale of the property and final settlement with HUD. Activity from the operation of the foreclosed property is included in operating revenues and expenses in the subsidiary holding title to the property.

**Related Party Transactions** – Board members are prohibited from participation in Florida Housing's programs during and for two years following their board terms.

### 3. DESCRIPTION OF PROGRAMS

**Operating** – Florida Housing's Operating Fund, which includes the operating subfund and the bond management subfund, collects program fees from the various bond issues, fees for awarding housing credits, and administrative fees associated with federal and state housing programs. Expenses are those incurred in operating Florida Housing and the administration of its various programs.

**Subsidiary Corporations** – Both FHFC II and FHFC III were created to take title to, manage, and dispose of property acquired by Florida Housing through its various programs. These funds are not restricted; however, the proceeds from the operation and sale of properties within these entities generally flow back to the program through which the property was acquired.

**The various bond programs of Florida Housing are as follows:**

**Single Family Home Ownership Program** – The Single Family Home Ownership Program includes private placements made to Fannie Mae and the GNMA Collateralized Home Ownership Mortgage Revenue Program. The bond proceeds were committed by Florida Housing to purchase mortgage backed securities to the extent mortgage loans were originated by participating lenders under this program. The mortgage loans provided single family residences for persons of low to middle income within the state of Florida.

**First Time Homebuyer Program** – Florida Housing funds loans originated under this program through financing options including revenue bond issuance proceeds and the sale of mortgage backed securities in the secondary market. The loans in this program are 30-year, fixed rate mortgage loans originated by private lenders. Under the current program, all loans originated are securitized into mortgage backed securities. Eligible borrowers must meet certain criteria, such as the first time homebuyer requirement, credit worthiness and an income level not to exceed program limits. Bonds are issued from two separate indentures for this program.

**Single Family Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds** – This bond indenture began in 1995 and continues to add issues as needed to ensure the continued availability of funds for the First Time Homebuyer Program. Certain bond issues have been refunded with subsequent bond issues under the indenture.

***Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Bonds (Special Program)*** – These bonds were issued under the federal New Issue Bond Program (NIBP) implemented in 2009 by the U.S. Treasury and HUD as a short term response to the credit and liquidity crises that made tax exempt bonds difficult to use for affordable housing programs. The NIBP lowered the debt service costs on tax exempt bonds by providing for the federal purchase of 60% of the issue. The remaining 40% was sold at market rates. Florida Housing issued a total of \$547.2 million of single family bonds under this program. The authority to issue new NIBP bonds terminated on December 31, 2012.

***Multifamily Housing Revenue Bond Programs*** – Due to the similarity of program operations, the multifamily bond programs are presented as one program.

***Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bond Program*** – The Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bond Program issues Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bonds to finance the construction or acquisition of multifamily housing developments located in the state of Florida and intended for occupancy in part by persons of low, moderate, or middle income. Certain bond issues have been refunded with subsequent bond issues under the program.

***Multifamily New Issue Bond Program*** – Florida Housing was awarded \$248.5 million in authority for multifamily bonds under the New Issue Bond Program (NIBP). As with the Single Family NIBP described above, the program provided for a lower cost of borrowing through the federal purchase of tax exempt bonds at below market rates. Under the multifamily NIBP, 100% of the bonds were purchased by the federal government. Florida Housing issued \$202.0 million of multifamily bonds under this program. The authority to issue new NIBP bonds terminated on December 31, 2012.

***Florida Housing administers the following programs and initiatives funded at the federal and state levels to provide affordable housing to Florida’s low and moderate income families:***

***Housing Trust Funds*** – The State Housing Trust Fund and the Local Government Housing Trust Fund were created in 1992 as part of the William E. Sadowski Affordable Housing Act (Sadowski Act) to provide a stable source of funding for affordable housing in Florida. Through an increased documentary stamp tax implemented in 1992, the trust funds provide the opportunity for funding for homeownership and rental housing through Florida Housing’s programs. In recent years, a portion of both housing trust funds were transferred to the state’s general revenue fund as directed by the Legislature.

***Florida Homeownership Assistance Program*** – The Florida Homeownership Assistance Program (HAP) was created, as part of the State Housing Incentive Partnership Act of 1988, for the purpose of providing assistance for down payments and closing costs for low-income and moderate-income persons purchasing a home.

The Florida Assist Program provides HAP funds to eligible homebuyers for down payments and closing costs. These non-interest bearing, nonamortizing second mortgage loans are used with the First Time Homebuyer Program.

The Homeownership Pool (HOP) Program was created to match qualified homebuyers with purchase assistance. The HOP Program is an ongoing, noncompetitive program that allows developers to reserve funds for eligible homebuyers to provide non-interest bearing, nonamortizing deferred second mortgage loans on a first come, first served basis. Currently, this program funds self-help developers only.

***State Apartment Incentive Loan Program***– The State Apartment Incentive Loan (SAIL) Program provides low-interest loans on a competitive basis to developers of affordable rental housing. SAIL funds are available to developers, including individuals, public entities, and nonprofit or for-profit organizations to provide gap financing for the construction or substantial rehabilitation of multifamily units. Special consideration is given to properties that target demographic groups such as the elderly, homeless people, special needs individuals, farmworkers, and commercial fishing workers.

A portion of the SAIL Program funding is set aside for the Elderly Housing Community Loan (EHCL) Program. Up to \$750,000 per loan is available to make life-safety, health, sanitation, or security related improvements to existing affordable elderly housing.

***Predevelopment Loan Program*** – The Predevelopment Loan Program assists nonprofit and community-based organizations, local governments, and public housing authorities with planning, financing, and developing affordable housing. Eligible organizations may apply for a loan of up to \$750,000 for predevelopment activities such as rezoning, title searches, legal fees, impact fees, administrative costs, soil tests, engineering fees, appraisals, feasibility analyses, audit fees, earnest money deposits, insurance fees, commitment fees, administrative costs, marketing expenses, and acquisition expenses. Technical assistance is also provided.

***State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program***– The State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) Program was created in 1992 as part of the Sadowski Act. This program provides funds to all 67 counties and 52 entitlement cities on a population-based formula as an incentive to produce and preserve affordable housing for very low, low and moderate income families. The minimum allocation for most counties is \$350,000 per county, and at least 65% of funds must be used for homeownership. Under their Local Government Housing Assistance Plans, counties and eligible cities may fund such strategies as emergency repairs, new construction, rehabilitation, down payment and closing cost assistance, impact fees, property acquisition, matching dollars for federal programs and homeownership counseling. Annual appropriation language may more specifically direct program uses.

***Affordable Housing Guarantee Program***– The Guarantee Program was created to encourage affordable housing lending activities through the issuance of guarantees on obligations incurred in obtaining financing for affordable housing. The program does not directly provide funds for developments; rather it facilitates such efforts by reducing lender risk through the issuance of guarantees on mortgage loans. The program issued commitments to guarantee obligations for both single family homes and multifamily developments. In March 2009, the Board of Directors suspended issuance of additional guarantees by the Guarantee Program. The suspension remains in effect today. Documentary stamp taxes distributed to the State Housing Trust Fund may be used to support the Guarantee Program if payment obligations from amounts on deposit in the Guarantee Program would cause a downgrade in the Program’s claims paying rating, or to support the Program’s capitalizing debt, if any.

The Guarantee Program’s potential loss is limited to the amount of its outstanding guarantees. In order to mitigate risk inherent in the program’s portfolio of guarantees, the Guarantee Program participates in HUD’s Housing Finance Agencies Risk Sharing Program. On November 9, 1994, Florida Housing and HUD entered into a Risk Sharing Agreement providing for HUD’s assumption, or endorsement, of 50% of the Guarantee Program’s post-construction obligation on specific multifamily developments financed by Florida Housing or local housing finance authority bonds. As of December 31, 2017, total participation under the Risk Sharing Program consisted of one guarantee for \$4.6 million.

As required by the HUD Risk Sharing Program, and in accordance with Section 24 CFR 266.110(b), a percentage of funds on deposit in the Guarantee Program is segregated from the corpus in a dedicated account, the HUD Dedicated Risk Account, as a reserve to offset future potential claims in connection with guarantees issued under the HUD Risk Sharing Program. As of December 31, 2017, the balance of the HUD Dedicated Risk Account was \$0.6 million.

As of December 31, 2017, outstanding risk totaled \$20.4 million, including \$4.6 million under the HUD Risk Sharing Program.

***HOME Investment Partnerships Program*** – The HOME Investment Partnerships Program was established pursuant to HUD Regulations, 24 CFR Part 92 (1992). HOME funds are available to eligible housing providers and individuals in the form of loans, grants, interest subsidies, and other forms of investment approved by Florida Housing.

***Other programs administered by Florida Housing:***

***Housing Credit Program*** – The Housing Credit Program provides qualified developers of rental property a federal income tax credit for providing low income rental housing. The U.S. Treasury has authorized Florida Housing to allocate the tax credits within the state of Florida. At least 10% of the total annual allocation must be awarded to nonprofit organizations. The program was permanently extended by Congress in 1993. For the year ended December 31, 2017, Florida Housing allocated \$74.85 million in housing credits, including returned credits.

In 2009, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) created Cash Assistance to States for Low Income Housing Projects in Lieu of Low Income Housing Tax Credits for 2009, also referred to as the Tax Credit Exchange Program (TCEP), to be administered by the U.S. Treasury. Under this program, housing credit allocating agencies “exchanged” a portion of their 2009 Housing Credit allocation, as well as previously awarded and returned Housing Credits, for cash grants that were used to replace the Housing Credit equity lost to affordable rental developments as a result of adverse market conditions. Florida Housing exchanged \$68.2 million credits for \$580.1 million in TCEP funds which was used to fund disbursements to properties in the program.

Florida Housing also provided loans in the amount of \$101.1 million through another ARRA program, the Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP). This federal stimulus funding was directed to rental developments that had already received a Housing Credit allocation but required additional funding due to limited equity available in the housing credit market.

***Hardest Hit Fund*** – In February 2010, the federal government announced the Housing Finance Agency Innovation Fund for the Hardest-Hit Housing Markets (Hardest Hit Fund), a new program for the five states hit hardest by foreclosures, housing price declines and unemployment. Florida was one of these states and received \$418 million. The program, which runs through 2020, was subsequently expanded twice, with additional states and funding added each time. Additional funds were allocated to participating states in 2016. Florida’s final share of these funds totaled slightly more than \$1.1 billion. As of December 31, 2017, six strategies have been approved by the U.S. Treasury. The *Mortgage Loan Reinstatement Program* is used to bring a delinquent mortgage current. The *Unemployment Mortgage Assistance Program* provides funds to make first mortgage payments to mortgage servicers on behalf of unemployed or underemployed borrowers. The *Principal*

*Reduction Program* assists homeowners who are underwater on their mortgage (they owe more than the property is worth) to bring down the principal owed to be more in line with their property values. The *Elderly Mortgage Assistance Program* assists senior homeowners with reverse mortgages who face foreclosure due to non-payment of property-related expenses. The *Modification Enabling Pilot Program* assists homeowners in modifying their mortgage to an affordable level. The *Downpayment Assistance Program* works with Florida Housing’s First Time Homebuyer Program to provide non-interest bearing, nonamortizing second mortgage loans in eleven Florida counties. Loans made using the Hardest Hit Fund are forgivable over two to five years, depending on the strategy under which the loan was made.

**Legislative Initiatives** – From time to time, Florida Housing receives appropriations for pilot programs or programs that target a specific segment of the affordable housing spectrum such as housing for persons with special needs or the homeless.

#### 4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As of December 31, 2017, Florida Housing had the following cash and cash equivalents:

	<u>Credit Rating</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Cash	–	\$ 45,778,808
Money Markets	AAA – AA-	<u>193,557,787</u>
		<u>\$ 239,336,595</u>

Cash on deposit is held in trust by financial institutions in the name of Florida Housing and is entirely insured by federal depository insurance or collateral held by the financial institutions’ trust departments or agents in Florida Housing’s name pursuant to Section 280.04, Florida Statutes.

#### 5. INVESTMENTS

Florida Housing is authorized to invest in securities permitted under Section 215.47, Florida Statutes, including direct obligations of the United States of America or any agency thereof, interest-bearing or demand deposits with any qualified depository institution, and commercial paper of prime quality. It is also authorized to invest in contracts for the purchase and sale of government obligations as described in the Florida Housing Act. Investments other than Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GICs) are recorded at fair value with changes in fair value recorded as a component of investment income. Florida Housing’s GICs are considered to be non-participating; therefore, they are recorded at cost in accordance with applicable standards. Unrealized loss on investments in 2017 was \$25.4 million.

Funds in the State Housing Trust Fund and the Local Government Housing Trust Fund are held by the State Treasury in a general pool of investments. Florida Housing also has invested funds associated with single family bond issues, its pooled investments and Guarantee Program funds with the State Treasury in Special Purpose Investment Accounts (SPIAs). Pursuant to Section 17.61, Florida Statutes, these SPIAs allow statutorily created organizations to invest in the Treasury investment portfolio. Florida Statutes enumerate the various types of authorized deposits and investments, which include time deposits, federal government obligations, repurchase agreements, and reverse repurchase agreements through securities lending programs. Florida Housing’s share of this investment pool is \$1.0 billion at December 31, 2017, which is the fair value of the pool share. Fair value is based on quoted



market prices and other recognized pricing sources. No allocation will be made as to Florida Housing's share of the types of investments or their risk categories. Florida Housing's share of the assets and liabilities arising from the reverse repurchase agreements will likewise not be carried on the statement of financial position since the State Treasury operates on a pooled basis and to do so may give the misleading impression that Florida Housing itself has entered into such agreements. For further information, refer to the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report or publications of the Office of the State Chief Financial Officer.

As of December 31, 2017, Florida Housing had investments with the following credit ratings and maturities (in thousands):

Investment Type	Credit Rating	Investment Maturities (in years)				Total Fair Value
		Less Than 1	1 – 5	6 – 10	More Than 10	
Asset-Backed Securities	AAA – AA-	\$ 1,197	\$ 33,454	\$ 753	\$ 3,536	\$ 38,940
CMBS	AAA – AA+	—	363	—	7,887	8,250
Commercial Paper	A1	939	—	—	—	939
Corporate Bonds	AAA – BBB-	43,804	100,691	—	—	144,495
Fannie Mae MBS	AA+	111	316	3,832	95,686	99,945
Freddie Mac MBS	AA+	6	287	1,343	4,484	6,120
Investment Agreements	Unrated	—	2,492	—	553	3,045
MBS	AAA – D	—	971	685	8,239	9,895
Municipal Bonds	AAA – BBB+	6,401	7,972	—	—	14,373
State Treasury	A+f	1,012,509	—	—	—	1,012,509
U.S. Agencies	AA+	1,182	4,531	—	—	5,713
U.S. Government Obligations	AA+	9	721	4,945	839,106	844,781
U.S. Treasury Notes	AA+	24,726	82,069	—	—	106,795
Other	AAA	—	1,049	—	—	1,049
		<u>\$1,090,884</u>	<u>\$ 234,916</u>	<u>\$ 11,558</u>	<u>\$ 959,491</u>	<u>\$ 2,296,849</u>

Credit ratings shown are by Standard & Poor's.

**Interest Rate Risk** – Interest rate risk is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates. Florida Housing's investment guidelines, which cover the pooled investments in the Operating Fund and the State and Federal Funds, seek to minimize interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to meet ongoing program and operational cash requirements without having to sell securities in the open market. Interest rate risk in these funds is also minimized by maintaining a short duration portfolio. Investments in bond funds are structured to meet the cash requirements of the specific issue. Interest rate risk is also mitigated with guaranteed investment contracts.

**Credit Risk** – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Florida Housing's investment guidelines, which cover the pooled investments in the Operating Fund and the State and Federal Funds, limit the purchase of securities to those rated in the four highest categories by a major rating agency. Certain types of investments are further limited up to the one or two highest rating categories. Investments in the bond funds are governed by their respective indentures; Florida Housing does not have a separate investment guideline covering them.

**Custodial Credit Risk** – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, Florida Housing will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. All securities owned by Florida

Housing are either in the custody of the related bond indenture trustees or held in Florida Housing's name by a party other than the issuer of the security.

**Concentration of Credit Risk** – Concentration of credit risk is the increased risk of loss associated with a lack of diversification, or the ownership of securities from one issuer. Florida Housing's investment guidelines, which cover the pooled investments in the Operating Fund and the State and Federal Funds, limit securities from a single corporate issuer to no more than 5% of the portfolio. Investments in the bond funds are governed by their respective indentures; Florida Housing does not have a separate investment guideline covering them.

**Fair Value** – Investments are stated at fair value and are categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the investments. Level 1 inputs are quoted market prices for identical assets in active markets. Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for an asset, either directly or indirectly. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs. Fair value of Florida Housing's investment in the state investment pool is determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio.

Investments classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using quoted market prices available in active markets. Investments classified in Level 2 are valued using (a) quoted prices for similar investments in active markets, (b) quoted prices for identical or similar investments in markets that are not active, and (c) inputs other than quoted prices such as yield curves and indices that are observable at commonly quoted intervals. There were no investments classified in Level 3.

As of December 31, 2017, Florida Housing had the following recurring fair value measurements (in thousands):

	12/31/2017	Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>Investments Measured at Fair Value</b>				
Asset-Backed Securities	\$ 38,940	\$ —	\$ 38,940	\$ —
CMBS	8,250	—	8,250	—
Commercial Paper	939	—	939	—
Corporate Bonds	144,495	—	144,495	—
Fannie Mae MBS	99,945	—	99,945	—
Freddie Mac MBS	6,120	—	6,120	—
MBS	9,895	—	9,895	—
Municipal Bonds	14,373	—	14,373	—
State Treasury	1,012,509	—	1,012,509	—
U.S. Agencies	5,713	—	5,713	—
U.S. Government Obligations	844,781	—	844,781	—
U.S. Treasury Notes	106,795	—	106,795	—
Other	1,049	—	1,049	—
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	<u>\$ 2,293,804</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 2,293,804</u>	<u>\$ —</u>
<b>Investments Measured at Cost</b>				
Investment Agreements	<u>3,045</u>			
Total Investments Measured at Cost	<u>3,045</u>			
<b>Total Investments</b>	<u>\$ 2,296,849</u>			

## 6. RESERVE FUND REQUIREMENTS

Cash and investments are held to satisfy various reserve requirements in the Multifamily Mortgage Revenue program. At December 31, 2017, there was \$1,018,063 on deposit to satisfy a \$1,017,013 requirement, resulting in excess reserves of \$1,050.

## 7. LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses were as follows at December 31, 2017:

Single family bond mortgage loans	\$ 60,059,754
Multifamily bond mortgage loans	855,829,172
State and federal loans	1,467,961,694
Operating loans	<u>18,749,045</u>
	2,402,599,665
Less: Allowance for loan losses	<u>(217,106,959)</u>
	2,185,492,706
Less current portion	<u>(116,459,742)</u>
Noncurrent loans receivable, net	<u>\$ 2,069,032,964</u>

The single family and multifamily bond program loans are pledged as collateral for the payment of principal and interest on note and bond indebtedness. Substantially all of these multifamily mortgage loans have an interest rate equal to the interest rate on the notes and bonds plus expenses.

Certain single family bond mortgage loans are secured by first liens on single family residential property. Interest rates on the single family bond mortgage loans range from 3.0% to 7.25%. Under Florida Housing's program guidelines, all conventionally financed single family bond mortgage loans with an initial loan-to-value ratio greater than 80% are insured by private mortgage insurance carriers. The mortgage insurers, together with the approximate percentage of single family bond mortgage loans insured outstanding at December 31, 2017, (exclusive of Fannie Mae and GNMA guaranteed loans) are as follows: Federal Housing Administration (54%), Commonwealth Mortgage Assurance Company (Radian Guaranty, Inc.) (11%), Department of Veterans' Affairs (7%), and Rural Housing Authority (7%). Approximately 21% of single family bond mortgage loans outstanding at December 31, 2017 are uninsured.

Under the multifamily bond programs, mortgage loans are collateralized by various methods, including first liens on multifamily rental properties, letters of credit, surety bonds, and guarantees provided by the Florida Housing Guarantee Program and third parties. Approximately \$289.4 million of the outstanding multifamily bond mortgage loans at December 31, 2017, are secured, in part, by irrevocable direct-pay letters of credit provided by banking and savings and loan institutions. Approximately \$709 million of the outstanding multifamily bond mortgage loans at December 31, 2017 are secured, in part, by insurance as follows: Fannie Mae (22%), Freddie Mac (21%), and various other companies (40%). Approximately 17% of the multifamily bond mortgage loans are uninsured.

Mortgage loans in the Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bond Programs are recorded at an amount generally equal to the outstanding conduit debt. Any loss resulting from the insufficiency of the available assets and credit enhancement to satisfy the obligations of a specific bond issue will be sustained by the specific bondholder.

State and federally funded loans are primarily second mortgages made on both single family residential property and multifamily housing developments. Interest rates range from 0% to 9%. Most loans made under the SAIL and TCAP programs contain interest payment provisions based upon the developments' cash flows, with deferral of interest payment until positive cash flow is generated. Principal is due at maturity.

Many of Florida Housing's loan programs defer payments, both for principal and interest, until maturity. Under some programs, loans may be forgivable if the borrower meets certain criteria or complies with certain criteria during a predetermined period.

## **8. PROPERTY HELD FOR SALE**

At December 31, 2017, property held for sale consisted of two properties. The two properties totaling \$0.4 million were acquired through foreclosures on loans funded by the Predevelopment Loan Program.

## **9. COLLATERALIZED BANK LOAN**

In April 1998, Florida Housing entered into a line of credit agreement with the Federal Home Loan Bank (the Bank) to preserve available single family tax-exempt bond allocations. Florida Housing's credit availability is \$650 million. All advances under this agreement are fully collateralized with cash, which may be replaced with other types of collateral in a form and amount acceptable to the Bank. The line of credit bears interest at the investment rate on the cash collateral account (1.24% at December 31, 2017) plus seven basis points. The agreement renews each July for an additional 12-month period. As a result, the collateralized bank loan is classified as a current liability.

Collateralized bank loan activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 included additions of \$34,110,000 with no reductions.

The outstanding balance of \$34.1 million at December 31, 2017 relates to the Single Family Homeowner Mortgage Program and the Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Program. During 2017, Florida Housing utilized the agreement to redeem bonds from the Single Family Homeowner Mortgage Program (\$7.5 million) and the Single Family Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Program (\$26.6 million).

## **10. NOTES AND BONDS PAYABLE**

Notes and bonds issued by Florida Housing are limited obligations payable solely from and secured by a pledge of mortgage loans or other assets for payment of principal and interest on the applicable debt. Each issue, with the exception of certain single family issues, is collateralized by a separate collateral package. The bonds in the Single Family Homeowner Mortgage fund are collateralized under a single bond indenture. In addition, certain assets are further restricted for payment of interest and principal in the event that the related debt service and other available funds are insufficient. Such assets are segregated within the various funds and are held in cash or investments.

At December 31, 2017 notes and bonds payable consist of the following:

Description	Issue Date	Due Dates	Interest Rates	Balance Outstanding
<b>NOTES PAYABLE</b>				
<i>Multifamily Housing Revenue Fund</i>				
2009 Series B Mortgage Revenue Note	12/23/2009	2024	5.70%	\$ 12,466,963
2014 Series F Mortgage Revenue Note	12/16/2014	2052	4.21%	5,255,090
2015 Series N Mortgage Revenue Note	12/18/2015	2034	4.74%	2,397,763
2016 Series B1 Mortgage Revenue Note	06/29/2016	2032	3.49%	10,284,857
2016 Series B2 Mortgage Revenue Note	06/29/2016	2018	1.68%	1,700,000
				<u>11,984,857</u>
2016 Series C Mortgage Revenue Note	10/14/2016	2034	Floating	3,258,700
2016 Series E1 Mortgage Revenue Note	09/30/2016	2032	3.58%	2,262,695
2016 Series E2 Mortgage Revenue Note	09/30/2016	2018	1.87%	1,500,000
				<u>3,762,695</u>
2016 Series F Mortgage Revenue Note	10/27/2016	2033	Floating	11,138,706
2016 Series G1 Mortgage Revenue Note	10/03/2016	2032	3.49%	5,759,830
2016 Series G2 Mortgage Revenue Note	10/03/2016	2018	1.80%	1,400,000
				<u>7,159,830</u>
2016 Series H Mortgage Revenue Note	11/29/2016	2034	Floating	7,708,320
2016 Series I1 Mortgage Revenue Note	10/28/2016	2032	3.82%	4,731,193
2016 Series I2 Mortgage Revenue Note	10/28/2016	2018	1.97%	2,200,000
				<u>6,931,193</u>
2016 Series J Mortgage Revenue Note	12/01/2016	2033	Floating	7,747,863
2016 Series L Mortgage Revenue Note	12/29/2016	2034	Floating	4,045,057
2017 Series H1 Mortgage Revenue Note	12/19/2017	2034	4.36%	4,500,000
2017 Series H2 Mortgage Revenue Note	12/19/2017	2020	2.94%	1,500,000
				<u>6,000,000</u>
Total notes payable				<u>\$ 89,857,037</u>
<b>BONDS PAYABLE</b>				
<i>Single Family Home Ownership Fund</i>				
1991 Series G1, G2 Term Bonds	09/26/1991	2023	Floating	\$ 375,000
1992 Series G1, G2 Term Bonds	06/30/1992	2023 - 2025	Floating	1,564,967
Total Single Family Home Ownership bonds payable				<u>1,939,967</u>
<i>Single Family Homeowner Mortgage Fund</i>				
2008 Series 3 Serial Bonds	09/30/2008	2018	4.30%	800,000
2008 Series 3 Term Bonds	09/30/2008	2023 - 2028	5.00% - 5.25%	17,220,000
				<u>18,020,000</u>
2008 Series 4 Serial Bonds	11/25/2008	2018 - 2020	5.10% - 5.50%	5,095,000
2008 Series 4 Term Bonds	11/25/2008	2023 - 2028	5.85% - 6.00%	8,505,000
				<u>13,600,000</u>



<b>Description</b>	<b>Issue Date</b>	<b>Due Dates</b>	<b>Interest Rates</b>	<b>Balance Outstanding</b>
2009 Series 1 Serial Bonds	07/27/2009	2018 - 2019	4.00% - 4.10%	1,120,000
2009 Series 1 Term Bonds	07/27/2009	2025 - 2039	4.95% - 5.40%	13,145,000
2009 Series 1 PAC Term Bonds	07/27/2009	2039	5.38%	2,345,000
				<u>16,610,000</u>
2009 Series 2 Serial Bonds	10/01/2009	2018 - 2019	3.65% - 3.85%	2,345,000
2009 Series 2 Term Bonds	10/01/2009	2024 - 2039	4.40% - 5.00%	27,920,000
2009 Series 2 PAC Term Bonds	10/01/2009	2041	5.50%	1,860,000
				<u>32,125,000</u>
* 2011 Series 1, 2 Serial Bonds	03/31/2011	2018 - 2022	3.55% - 4.45%	10,705,000
* 2011 Series 1 PAC Term Bonds	03/31/2011	2041	5.00%	4,925,000
				<u>15,630,000</u>
2015 Series 1 Serial Bonds	12/02/2015	2018 - 2027	1.10% - 3.00%	9,710,000
2015 Series 1 Term Bonds	12/02/2015	2030 - 2045	3.45% - 3.95%	25,970,000
2015 Series 1 PAC Term Bonds	12/02/2015	2047	4.00%	16,505,000
				<u>52,185,000</u>
* 2016 Series 1 Term Bonds	03/31/2016	2037	3.13%	46,777,609
2016 Series 2 Serial Bonds	06/16/2016	2018 - 2027	0.80% - 2.50%	16,495,000
2016 Series 2 Term Bonds	06/16/2016	2031 - 2046	2.90% - 3.45%	38,500,000
2016 Series 2 PAC Term Bonds	06/16/2016	2047	4.00%	19,775,000
				<u>74,770,000</u>
2017 Series 1 Serial Bonds	12/22/2017	2020 - 2028	1.80% - 2.90%	48,830,000
2017 Series 1 Term Bonds	12/22/2017	2032 - 2047	3.25% - 3.80%	98,170,000
2017 Series 1 PAC Term Bonds	12/22/2017	2048	4.00%	53,000,000
				<u>200,000,000</u>
Total Single Family Homeowner Mortgage bonds payable				469,717,609
Unamortized bond premium				7,977,890
				<u>477,695,499</u>
<b><i>Homeowner Mortgage Revenue Fund (Special Program)</i></b>				
2009 Series A1 Serial Bonds	01/12/2010	2018 - 2020	3.75% - 4.00%	2,635,000
2009 Series A1 Term Bonds	01/12/2010	2020 - 2029	4.00% - 4.80%	16,445,000
2009 Series A1 PAC Term Bonds	01/12/2010	2028	5.00%	3,980,000
				<u>23,060,000</u>
2010 Series A Serial Bonds	06/23/2010	2018 - 2022	3.50% - 4.10%	5,685,000
2010 Series A Term Bonds	06/23/2010	2021 - 2029	4.00% - 4.60%	14,780,000
2010 Series A PAC Term Bonds	06/23/2010	2028	5.00%	5,930,000
				<u>26,395,000</u>
2010 Series B Serial Bonds	11/01/2010	2018 - 2020	2.80% - 3.25%	985,000
2010 Series B Term Bonds	11/01/2010	2025 - 2028	4.00% - 4.13%	2,850,000
2010 Series B PAC Term Bonds	11/01/2010	2029	4.50%	1,425,000
2009 Series B2 Term Bonds	11/01/2010	2041	3.01%	14,380,000
				<u>19,640,000</u>
2011 Series A Serial Bonds	03/09/2011	2018 - 2021	3.50% - 4.30%	5,590,000
2011 Series A Term Bonds	03/09/2011	2026	5.00%	7,955,000
2011 Series A PAC Term Bonds	03/09/2011	2029	4.50%	4,890,000
				<u>18,435,000</u>

<b>Description</b>	<b>Issue Date</b>	<b>Due Dates</b>	<b>Interest Rates</b>	<b>Balance Outstanding</b>
2011 Series B Serial Bonds	07/07/2011	2018 - 2021	3.00% - 3.70%	6,470,000
2011 Series B Term Bonds	07/07/2011	2026 - 2029	4.45% - 4.63%	11,085,000
2011 Series B PAC Term Bonds	07/07/2011	2029	4.50%	5,705,000
				<u>23,260,000</u>
2011 Series C Serial Bonds	11/03/2011	2018 - 2022	2.88% - 3.65%	8,940,000
2011 Series C Term Bonds	11/03/2011	2026 - 2030	4.10% - 4.45%	16,095,000
2011 Series C PAC Term Bonds	11/03/2011	2030	4.50%	4,950,000
2009 Series B5 Term Bonds	11/03/2011	2041	2.32%	57,700,000
				<u>87,685,000</u>
* 2013 Series A Term Bonds	05/16/2013	2041	2.80%	60,522,859
* 2013 Series B Term Bonds	05/30/2013	2041	2.80%	48,134,519
2013 Series C Serial Bonds	12/23/2013	2018 - 2024	1.80% - 3.70%	14,080,000
2013 Series C Term Bonds	12/23/2013	2027	4.00%	7,050,000
2013 Series C PAC Term Bonds	12/23/2013	2035	4.00%	13,220,000
				<u>34,350,000</u>
* 2014 Series A Term Bonds	05/28/2014	2036	3.00%	11,640,689
2014 Series B Serial Bonds	05/28/2014	2018 - 2024	1.38% - 3.10%	3,220,000
2014 Series B Term Bonds	05/28/2014	2029 - 2046	3.70% - 4.35%	18,725,000
2014 Series B PAC Term Bonds	05/28/2014	2045	3.00%	14,650,000
				<u>48,235,689</u>
2015 Series A Serial Bonds	02/18/2015	2018 - 2025	1.10% - 2.70%	9,170,000
2015 Series A Term Bonds	02/18/2015	2030 - 2041	3.20% - 3.65%	29,880,000
2015 Series A PAC Term Bonds	02/18/2015	2046	3.50%	14,730,000
				<u>53,780,000</u>
* 2016 Series A Term Bonds	09/14/2016	2043	2.45%	41,878,274
* 2016 Series B Term Bonds	09/14/2016	2043	2.55%	49,414,291
				<u>91,292,565</u>
Total Homeowner Mortgage Revenue (Special Program) bonds payable				534,790,632
Unamortized bond premium				<u>5,769,546</u>
Net Homeowner Mortgage Revenue (Special Program) bonds payable				<u>540,560,178</u>

***Multifamily Housing Revenue Fund***

1985 Series SS Term Bonds	12/17/1985	2022	Floating	20,000,000
1985 Series XX Term Bonds	12/17/1985	2025	Floating	8,500,000
1996 Series O Term Bonds	09/01/1996	2026 - 2036	6.25% - 6.30%	9,225,000
1998 Series I1 Term Bonds	08/01/1998	2033	Floating	15,875,000
1999 Series G1, G2 Term Bonds	08/25/1999	2032	Floating	10,050,000
1999 Series I1, I2 Term Bonds	08/31/1999	2032	Floating	11,165,000
1999 Series P Term Bonds	09/24/1999	2032	Floating	5,435,000
2000 Series E1, E2 Term Bonds	06/13/2000	2033	Floating	8,355,000
2000 Series R1, R2 Term Bonds	12/06/2000	2018 - 2033	5.75% - 7.85%	7,785,000

<b>Description</b>	<b>Issue Date</b>	<b>Due Dates</b>	<b>Interest Rates</b>	<b>Balance Outstanding</b>
2001 Series G Term Bonds	11/01/2001	2031	6.25%	8,505,000
2002 Series A1, A2 Term Bonds	01/08/2002	2035	Floating	10,650,000
2002 Series B1 Term Bonds	01/24/2002	2019 - 2034	5.00% - 5.30%	6,845,000
2002 Series L1, L2 Term Bonds	12/09/2002	2034	Floating	6,335,000
* 2002 Series M1 Term Bonds	11/14/2002	2032	Floating	4,800,000
* 2002 Series N1, N2 Term Bonds	11/14/2002	2032	Floating	7,550,000
2003 Series A Term Bonds	01/01/2003	2036	Floating	6,750,000
2003 Series B1, B3 Term Bonds	01/01/2003	2034	Floating	6,990,000
2003 Series E1 Term Bonds	03/01/2003	2036	Floating	6,685,000
2003 Series G Term Bonds	03/18/2003	2036	Floating	6,625,000
2003 Series K Term Bonds	04/01/2003	2036	Floating	5,420,000
2003 Series N Term Bonds	07/22/2003	2035	Floating	11,795,000
2003 Series R1, R2 Term Bonds	10/01/2003	2037	Floating	13,070,000
2003 Series W Term Bonds	12/16/2003	2036	Floating	4,700,000
2004 Series E Term Bonds	03/01/2004	2037	Floating	5,000,000
2004 Series F Serial Bonds	03/01/2004	2037	Floating	6,000,000
2004 Series H Term Bonds	06/01/2004	2037	Floating	7,500,000
2004 Series K Term Bonds	12/01/2004	2037	Floating	13,200,000
* 2004 Series L Term Bonds	12/22/2004	2034	Floating	14,310,000
* 2004 Series M Term Bonds	12/22/2004	2034	Floating	15,975,000
2005 Series A Term Bonds	01/25/2005	2037	Floating	10,550,000
2006 Series A Term Bonds	03/28/2006	2042	6.15%	6,304,565
2006 Series B Term Bonds	03/16/2006	2050	6.00%	6,272,987
2006 Series C Term Bonds	03/16/2006	2050	6.00%	6,159,534
* 2006 Series D Term Bonds	07/11/2006	2036	Floating	8,375,000
2006 Series E Term Bonds	04/19/2006	2038	5.50%	3,239,000
2006 Series G Term Bonds	06/30/2006	2039	Floating	3,460,000
2006 Series H Term Bonds	06/21/2006	2039	Floating	6,095,000
2006 Series K Term Bonds	09/21/2006	2038	5.49%	1,175,000
2006 Series L Term Bonds	10/26/2006	2038	5.29%	250,000
2006 Series N Term Bonds	12/13/2006	2044	Floating	12,845,000
2007 Series A Term Bonds	08/23/2007	2040	5.49%	3,038,000
2007 Series B Term Bonds	02/06/2007	2048	6.70%	9,315,584

Description	Issue Date	Due Dates	Interest Rates	Balance Outstanding
* 2007 Series D Term Bonds	05/23/2007	2047	5.75%	39,435,000
* 2007 Series G1, G2 Term Bonds	06/15/2007	2042	2.60% - 4.00%	48,803,193
2007 Series H Term Bonds	06/29/2007	2042	Floating	3,195,000
2007 Series I Term Bonds	11/02/2007	2042	Floating	16,300,000
2007 Series K Term Bonds	12/20/2007	2042	6.00%	1,780,000
2008 Series A Term Bonds	01/16/2008	2041	Floating	6,670,000
2008 Series C Serial Bonds	02/11/2008	2018	4.05%	130,000
2008 Series C Term Bonds	02/11/2008	2035 - 2049	5.00% - 5.25%	6,955,000
				<u>7,085,000</u>
2008 Series E Term Bonds	03/20/2008	2048	Floating	4,750,000
2008 Series H Term Bonds	05/08/2008	2039	5.88%	4,141,646
2008 Series I Term Bonds	06/06/2008	2048	Floating	11,000,000
2008 Series J Term Bonds	07/09/2008	2040	5.95%	5,152,880
2008 Series K Term Bonds	07/31/2008	2041	Floating	5,955,000
2008 Series L Term Bonds	08/19/2008	2041	Floating	6,550,000
2008 Series M Term Bonds	11/14/2008	2041	Floating	6,920,000
2008 Series N Term Bonds	12/18/2008	2043	Floating	3,970,000
2008 Series O Term Bonds	12/18/2008	2043	Floating	3,885,000
2010 Series A2 Term Bonds	09/20/2010	2027	7.25%	4,135,000
2009 Series A1 Term Bonds	09/29/2010	2044	3.07%	5,660,000
2009 Series D1 Term Bonds	11/10/2010	2044	3.01%	2,120,000
2010 Series A Term Bonds	11/10/2010	2027	4.20%	2,310,000
2009 Series C Term Bonds	11/10/2010	2044	3.01%	7,000,000
				<u>9,310,000</u>
2010 Series B1 Term Bonds	12/07/2010	2047	7.60%	800,000
2009 Series E Term Bonds	12/15/2010	2028	3.01%	2,890,000
2009 Series F Term Bonds	12/15/2010	2040	3.01%	5,430,000
2009 Series G Term Bonds	12/15/2010	2052	3.01%	10,480,000
2010 Series D1 Term Bonds	12/20/2010	2042	7.60%	2,675,000
2011 Series E Serial Bonds	05/19/2011	2018 - 2020	3.15% - 3.85%	970,000
2011 Series E Term Bonds	05/19/2011	2022 - 2028	4.10% - 4.88%	3,595,000
2009 Series I Term Bonds	05/19/2011	2044	3.57%	20,270,000
				<u>24,835,000</u>
2011 Series F Serial Bonds	05/19/2011	2018 - 2020	3.15% - 3.85%	955,000
2011 Series F Term Bonds	05/19/2011	2022 - 2029	4.10% - 4.95%	3,860,000
2009 Series J Term Bonds	05/19/2011	2044	3.57%	19,460,000
				<u>24,275,000</u>

Description	Issue Date	Due Dates	Interest Rates	Balance Outstanding
2011 Series G1, G2 Term Bonds	05/26/2011	2029	4.85%	1,470,000
2009 Series K Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2052	2.32%	8,650,000
2009 Series L Term Bonds	10/21/2011	2044	2.32%	11,680,000
2009 Series M Term Bonds	10/21/2011	2041	2.32%	6,010,000
2009 Series N Term Bonds	10/21/2011	2041	2.32%	8,550,000
2009 Series O Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2052	2.32%	7,030,000
2009 Series P Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2052	2.32%	4,440,000
2009 Series Q Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2042	2.32%	6,280,000
2009 Series R Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2042	2.32%	8,630,000
2009 Series S Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2045	2.32%	16,510,000
2009 Series T Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2044	2.32%	11,210,000
2009 Series U1, U2 Term Bonds	12/13/2011	2045	2.32%	6,570,000
2013 Series A Term Bonds	04/24/2013	2029	3.45%	4,075,000
* 2013 Series B Term Bonds	09/10/2013	2043	Floating	12,000,000
2014 Series D1 Term Bonds	10/03/2014	2032	4.90%	3,550,775
2015 Series B Term Bonds	03/06/2015	2057	5.30%	6,340,000
2015 Series H Term Bonds	07/27/2015	2057	5.00%	7,550,000
2015 Series J Term Bonds	12/14/2015	2057	5.00%	5,735,000
2015 Series K1 Term Bonds	10/30/2015	2053	4.44%	4,450,000
2015 Series K2 Term Bonds	10/30/2015	2018	4.44%	4,350,000
				<u>8,800,000</u>
2015 Series M Term Bonds	11/20/2015	2032	Floating	6,977,345
2016 Series D Term Bonds	08/19/2016	2033	Floating	6,400,000
2016 Series K Term Bonds	12/14/2016	2019	Floating	3,766,987
2017 Series A1 Term Bonds	03/21/2017	2039	4.85%	2,800,000
2017 Series A2 Term Bonds	03/21/2017	2019	Floating	1,504,932
				<u>4,304,932</u>
2017 Series B Term Bonds	05/17/2017	2019	1.25%	6,925,000
2017 Series C Term Bonds	10/06/2017	2019	1.30%	16,500,000
2017 Series E1 Term Bonds	12/15/2017	2035	Floating	2,870,331
2017 Series F Term Bonds	10/31/2017	2019	1.38%	8,200,000
2017 Series I1 Term Bonds	12/21/2017	2035	Floating	1,709,982
				<u>1,709,982</u>
Total Multifamily Housing Revenue bonds payable				<u>813,112,741</u>
Total net bonds payable				<u>\$ 1,833,308,385</u>

\* Refunding



Interest on outstanding notes and bonds is payable semiannually, except for the following bonds, which pay interest monthly:

- Single Family Pass Through Bonds
- Multifamily Floating Rate Bonds
- Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds:
 

2001 Series G	2007 Series A	2009 Series B	2015 Series K1-K2
2006 Series A	2007 Series B	2014 Series D1-D2	2015 Series N
2006 Series B	2007 Series D	2014 Series F	2016 Series E1-E2
2006 Series C	2007 Series G1-G2	2015 Series B	2016 Series G1-G2
2006 Series K	2008 Series H	2015 Series H	2016 Series I1-I2
2006 Series L	2008 Series J	2015 Series J	2017 Series H1-H2

The methods or indices used to determine the actual interest rates for floating rate bonds are outlined in the individual bond documents. Actual interest rates ranged from 0.62% to 4.74% during 2017. Rates in effect at December 31, 2017 ranged from 1.55% to 4.21%.

Scheduled maturities of notes and bonds payable, interest payments, and sinking fund requirements at December 31, 2017, are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 207,640,394	\$ 57,440,038	\$ 265,080,432
2019	180,153,687	52,274,505	232,428,192
2020	81,760,021	48,970,214	130,730,235
2021	72,464,773	46,593,808	119,058,581
2022	83,445,880	44,061,831	127,507,711
2023 – 2027	321,564,903	187,937,545	509,502,448
2028 – 2032	289,824,721	139,383,546	429,208,267
2033 – 2037	245,817,712	90,735,266	336,552,978
2038 – 2042	209,289,349	53,592,210	262,881,559
2043 – 2047	176,738,103	17,913,770	194,651,873
2048 – 2052	36,493,443	2,104,582	38,598,025
2053 – 2057	4,225,000	349,720	4,574,720
	1,909,417,986	741,357,035	2,650,775,021
Net unamortized bond premium	13,747,436	—	13,747,436
	\$ 1,923,165,422	\$ 741,357,035	\$ 2,664,522,457

### Changes in Notes and Bonds Payable

Notes and bonds payable activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Notes and bonds payable	Unamortized premium (discount)	Total notes and bonds payable, net
Beginning Balance	\$ 1,938,569,551	\$ 18,458,445	\$ 1,957,027,996
Additions	284,402,330	4,038,600	288,440,930
Reductions	(313,553,895)	(8,749,609)	(322,303,504)
Ending Balance	<u>\$ 1,909,417,986</u>	<u>\$ 13,747,436</u>	<u>\$ 1,923,165,422</u>
Due Within One Year	\$ 207,640,394	\$ 1,377,165	\$ 209,017,559

## 11. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES

Florida Housing holds funds provided under the Hardest Hit Fund administered by the U.S. Treasury until expended in the program. Since unused funds must ultimately be returned to the administering agency, these funds are recorded in Accounts Payable and Other Liabilities. Revenue is recognized as the funds are disbursed to borrowers or used to pay administrative expenses. As of December 31, 2017, the balance of unexpended funds held for the Hardest Hit Fund is \$73.8 million.

## 12. DUE TO DEVELOPERS

All of Florida Housing's multifamily bond issues are conduit debt. The assets of each issue are pledged solely to support the outstanding debt, and the bondholders' claims on the assets of the indenture are limited to the amount of debt and any outstanding interest. Assets in excess of the related liabilities are owed to the borrower, and are therefore recorded as Due to Developer. These multifamily bond issues represent \$81.8 million of the total \$82.1 million Due to Developer amounts. The remaining balance represents Good Faith Deposits required from developers to begin the multifamily bond issuance process.

## 13. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Pursuant to various trust indentures and loan agreements, the assets and equity of the bond programs are restricted. Upon satisfaction of all bondholder indebtedness and payment of all authorized expenses, any remaining funds are disbursed to Florida Housing or the respective developer as described in each trust indenture or loan agreement. The assets and equity of the state-funded programs are restricted by statute.

The following is a summary of restricted assets, liabilities, and net position as of December 31, 2017:

Total restricted cash	\$ 236,462,933
Total restricted current assets	\$ 1,291,669,355
Total restricted assets	\$ 4,475,883,075
Total current liabilities payable from restricted current assets	\$ 335,677,590
Total liabilities payable from restricted assets	\$ 2,131,594,400
Total restricted net position	\$ 2,344,288,675

#### 14. UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

Unrestricted net position provides additional security for Florida Housing's general obligations, coverage of current and planned administrative costs, and tentative plans for future utilization, subject to the approval of Florida Housing's management or Board of Directors. As of December 31, 2017, the balance of unrestricted net position in the Operating Fund, \$153.8 million, has been designated by the Board of Directors for a variety of uses: loans and loan commitments, including demonstration loans and other programs such as Multifamily Programs; and coverage of single family bond issuance costs. Additionally, unrestricted net position is designated for working capital and operating and capital expenses, including coverage of compliance monitoring fees for housing credit properties for which partial or no fees were collected at the time of allocation; and the costs associated with holding foreclosed property.

Below is a summary of the Operating Fund designated net position as of December 31, 2017:

Designated net position:	
Demonstration and other initiatives	\$ 105,455,132
Dedicated reserve for operations	44,500,000
Single family	<u>3,800,000</u>
Total designated net position	<u>\$ 153,755,132</u>

#### 15. DEVELOPER AND REGIONAL CONCENTRATION

As of December 31, 2017, seven developers accounted for approximately 43% (\$384.5 million) of bonds and notes outstanding in the multifamily bond programs. No other developer accounted for more than 4% of the bonds and notes outstanding. Developments in the following five counties represented 64% of the bonds and notes outstanding: Orange County (25%), Miami-Dade County (16%), Broward County (9%), Hillsborough County (9%), and Leon County (5%). No other county represented 5% or more of the bonds and notes outstanding.

As of December 31, 2017, four developers accounted for approximately 37% (\$293.6 million) of loans outstanding in the SAIL Program. No other developer accounted for more than 6% of SAIL loans outstanding. Developments in the following six counties represented 52% of the SAIL loans outstanding: Hillsborough County (12%), Miami-Dade County (12%), Orange County (9%), Duval County (7%), Lake County (6%), and Palm Beach County (6%). No other county represented 6% or more of the SAIL loans outstanding.

As of December 31, 2017, four developers accounted for approximately 21% (\$80.7 million) of loans outstanding in the HOME Program. No other developer accounted for more than 4% of HOME loans outstanding. Outstanding loans in the following four counties represented 38% of HOME loans outstanding: Miami-Dade County (18%), Desoto County (7%), Duval County (7%), and Highlands County (6%). No other county represented 5% or more of the outstanding HOME loans.

**16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

*Loans*

Florida Housing originates commitments to extend credit in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of qualified first time homebuyers and developers providing affordable housing for low, moderate, and middle income families in the state of Florida. Commitments to extend credit are contractual obligations to lend to a developer or individual homebuyer as long as all established contractual conditions are satisfied.

As of December 31, 2017, Florida Housing had outstanding commitments under state and federally funded programs and other initiatives as follows:

State Apartment Incentive Loan Program	\$ 54,120,948
Hardest Hit Fund	40,713,941
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	21,156,979
Legislative Initiatives	3,557,370
Predevelopment Loan Program	2,301,175
Community Workforce Housing Innovation Pilot Program	842,285
Demonstration Loan Program	111,310
	<u>\$ 122,804,008</u>

*Risk Management*

Florida Housing is subject to normal risks associated with its operations, including property damage, personal injury and employee dishonesty. All risks are managed through the purchase of commercial insurance. There have been no decreases in coverage over the last three years.

*Leases*

Florida Housing leases office space under a noncancelable operating lease. The lease term runs through May 2019. Rent expense for the operating lease was \$831,918 for the year ended December 31, 2017. As of December 31, 2017, future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2018	\$ 920,267
2019	<u>388,155</u>
	<u>\$1,308,422</u>

**17. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

Florida Housing is authorized by Section 420.507(32), Florida Statutes to establish pension plans for the benefit of its employees. There are two plans in place, a defined contribution pension plan and a deferred compensation plan.

*Retirement Plan*

Florida Housing sponsors a defined contribution pension plan (the Plan) under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 401(m) to provide retirement and survivor benefits to participating employees. The Plan, which is administered by Florida Housing, covers all employees who have completed 12 months of employment, have attained the age of 21, and have performed

at least 1,000 hours of service before the first anniversary of their employment or during any Plan year. In accordance with Plan documents, Florida Housing, or its Board of Directors, as applicable, may order changes to the Plan. Such changes shall be effective upon execution of a written instrument amending the Plan. Under the Plan, Florida Housing's contribution is based on a two-tier system. First, Florida Housing contributes a percentage of the eligible employee's compensation to the Plan. The percentage for the year ended December 31, 2017 was 8%. Second, Florida Housing contributes \$0.50 to the Plan for every \$1.00 of compensation deferred by the eligible employee under Florida Housing's sponsored IRC Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plan, up to a maximum contribution by Florida Housing of 3% of the eligible employee's compensation. These contributions are recognized in the period they are due. Florida Housing contributions vest to the employee after three years of service.

#### *Deferred Compensation Plan*

Florida Housing offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with IRC Section 457 (the 457 Plan). The 457 Plan, available to all employees who have completed 90 continuous days of employment and have attained the age of 21, permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen emergency. Florida Housing has the right to amend the 457 Plan. Amendments must be made in writing.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the 457 Plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are (notwithstanding the mandates of 26 U.S.C. s. 457(b)(6), all of the assets specified in subparagraph 1) held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries as mandated by 26 U.S.C. s. 457(g)(1). Florida Housing does not contribute to the 457 Plan.

Participation under the 457 Plan is solely at the discretion of the employee. Florida Housing has no liability for losses under the 457 Plan, but does have the duty of due care.

## **18. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

During the period January 1, 2018 through April 30, 2018, pursuant to various trust indentures, bonds in the aggregate amount of \$116.2 million were called for redemption from principal payments and excess revenues. The bonds were called at a redemption price equal to par value plus accrued interest.

Bonds and notes were called from the following programs:

<u>Issue</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Redemption Amount</u>
<b>Single Family Home Ownership</b>		
Various	January 2, 2018	\$ 51,564
Various	February 1, 2018	52,198
Various	March 1, 2018	39,657
Various	April 2, 2018	32,363
		<u>175,782</u>

<b>Issue</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Redemption Amount</b>
<b>Single Family Homeowner Mortgage</b>		
Various	January 2, 2018	45,006,549
Various	February 1, 2018	6,884,026
Various	March 1, 2018	4,895,054
Various	April 2, 2018	<u>25,486,780</u>
		82,272,409
<b>Multifamily Housing Revenue</b>		
Various	January 2018	5,248,595
Various	February 2018	22,851,608
Various	March 2018	4,393,313
Various	April 2018	<u>1,231,352</u>
		<u>33,724,868</u>
		<u>\$ 116,173,059</u>

The following bonds were issued in the Multifamily Housing Revenue Program in 2018:

<b>Issue</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Amount</b>
2017 Series G	January 22, 2018	\$ 12,000,000
2018 Series A	March 21, 2018	8,300,000
2018 Series B	February 27, 2018	<u>14,000,000</u>
		<u>\$ 34,300,000</u>

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The background features a large white triangle on the left side, which is bordered by a teal triangle at the top and a yellow triangle at the bottom. The teal triangle extends from the top edge towards the center, while the yellow triangle extends from the bottom edge towards the center. The text 'SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES' is centered within the white triangular area.

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

**FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION**

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

**SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION  
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017**

	Restricted Programs							Operating	2017
	Single Family Home Ownership	Single Family Homeowner Mortgage	Homeowner Mortgage Revenue (Special Program)	Guarantee	Multifamily Housing Revenue	State and Federal	Subsidiary Corporations		
<b>ASSETS</b>									
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 627,980	\$ 31,979,213	\$ 68,441,710	\$ 302,382	\$ 57,092,410	\$ 77,621,166	\$ 10,631	\$ 3,261,103	\$ 239,336,595
Investments, net	-	400,173,076	25,177,399	133,649,226	542,325	303,420,707	57,845	227,863,669	1,090,884,247
Interest receivable on investments	10,153	1,940,474	1,907,146	195,252	262,013	19,131	-	1,781,408	6,115,577
Interest receivable on loans	-	272,423	-	-	4,698,063	715,467	-	-	5,685,953
Loans receivable, net	-	4,921,545	-	-	66,097,407	45,359,551	-	81,239	116,459,742
Documentary stamp taxes receivable	-	-	-	-	-	30,638,026	-	-	30,638,026
Property held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	355,760	-	355,760
Other assets	-	1,066	-	-	-	6,206	-	214,088	221,360
(Payable to) receivable from other programs	(2,667)	(6,312,779)	(558,569)	-	(660,383)	1,208,322	(428,760)	6,754,836	-
Total current assets	635,466	432,975,018	94,967,686	134,146,860	128,031,835	458,988,576	(4,524)	239,956,343	1,489,697,260
<b>NONCURRENT ASSETS</b>									
Investments, net	1,672,857	389,916,764	556,055,930	-	72,229,222	104,602,217	20,842	81,467,424	1,205,965,256
Loans receivable, net	-	53,730,066	-	-	789,731,765	1,212,575,206	-	12,995,927	2,069,032,964
Other assets, net	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	225,602	225,602
Total noncurrent assets	1,672,857	443,646,830	556,055,930	-	861,960,987	1,317,177,423	20,842	94,688,953	3,275,223,822
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>2,308,323</b>	<b>876,621,848</b>	<b>651,023,616</b>	<b>134,146,860</b>	<b>989,992,822</b>	<b>1,776,165,999</b>	<b>16,318</b>	<b>334,645,296</b>	<b>4,764,921,082</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>									
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>									
Accounts payable and other liabilities	-	1,351	-	-	3,336	76,218,057	5,987	10,335,633	86,564,364
Accrued interest payable	10,490	4,766,079	6,245,650	-	5,250,761	-	-	-	16,272,980
Collateralized bank loans	-	7,490,000	26,620,000	-	-	-	-	-	34,110,000
Notes payable, net	-	-	-	-	10,624,295	-	-	-	10,624,295
Bonds payable, net	455,000	39,671,163	102,173,989	-	56,093,112	-	-	-	198,393,264
Unearned fee income, net	-	-	-	54,307	-	-	-	3,062,625	3,116,932
Total current liabilities	465,490	51,928,593	135,039,639	54,307	71,971,504	76,218,057	5,987	13,398,258	349,081,835
<b>NONCURRENT LIABILITIES</b>									
Notes payable, net	-	-	-	-	79,232,742	-	-	-	79,232,742
Bonds payable, net	1,484,967	438,024,336	438,386,189	-	757,019,629	-	-	-	1,634,915,121
Unearned fee income, net	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	121,579,669	121,579,669
Due to developers	-	-	-	-	81,768,947	-	-	288,630	82,057,577
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,484,967	438,024,336	438,386,189	-	918,021,318	-	-	121,868,299	1,917,785,109
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>1,950,457</b>	<b>489,952,929</b>	<b>573,425,828</b>	<b>54,307</b>	<b>989,992,822</b>	<b>76,218,057</b>	<b>5,987</b>	<b>135,266,557</b>	<b>2,266,866,944</b>
<b>NET POSITION</b>									
Restricted	357,866	386,668,919	77,597,788	134,092,553	-	1,699,947,942	-	45,623,607	2,344,288,675
Unrestricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,331	153,755,132	153,765,463
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 357,866</b>	<b>\$ 386,668,919</b>	<b>\$ 77,597,788</b>	<b>\$ 134,092,553</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 1,699,947,942</b>	<b>\$ 10,331</b>	<b>\$ 199,378,739</b>	<b>\$ 2,498,054,138</b>

**FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION**

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

**SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN PROGRAM NET POSITION  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017**

	Restricted Programs							Operating	2017
	Single Family Home Ownership	Single Family Homeowner Mortgage	Homeowner Mortgage Revenue (Special Program)	Guarantee	Multifamily Housing Revenue	State and Federal	Subsidiary Corporations		
<b>OPERATING REVENUES</b>									
Interest on loans	\$ -	\$ 4,027,045	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,490,820	\$ 14,463,707	\$ -	\$ 46,162	\$ 45,027,734
Investment income	98,096	85,038,019	9,626,674	2,602,398	1,461,462	7,031,970	1,182	4,992,742	110,852,543
Fee income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,049,338	18,049,338
Federal program administrative fees	-	-	-	-	-	4,114,325	-	6,086,573	10,200,898
Other income	-	(230,175)	-	174,061	12,848	(296,220)	506,687	1,814,921	1,982,122
Total operating revenues	98,096	88,834,889	9,626,674	2,776,459	27,965,130	25,313,782	507,869	30,989,736	186,112,635
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>									
Interest expense	134,123	6,340,832	17,626,358	-	24,260,739	-	-	-	48,362,052
Payments to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	98,987,155	-	-	98,987,155
Provision for uncollectible loans	-	(214,518)	-	-	-	(41,809,288)	-	116,792	(41,907,014)
General and administrative	394	6,923,135	1,382,992	696,133	3,704,391	11,203,736	275,773	21,924,244	46,110,798
Total operating expenses	134,517	13,049,449	19,009,350	696,133	27,965,130	68,381,603	275,773	22,041,036	151,552,991
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(36,421)	75,785,440	(9,382,676)	2,080,326	-	(43,067,821)	232,096	8,948,700	34,559,644
<b>NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)</b>									
Federal and state program revenue	-	-	-	-	-	257,506,044	-	204,792	257,710,836
Federal and state program expense	-	-	-	-	-	(252,390,816)	-	-	(252,390,816)
State documentary stamp tax revenue	-	-	-	-	-	283,950,985	-	-	283,950,985
Payments to state agencies	-	-	-	-	-	(116,914,438)	-	-	(116,914,438)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-	-	-	-	-	172,151,775	-	204,792	172,356,567
Income (Loss) before transfers	(36,421)	75,785,440	(9,382,676)	2,080,326	-	129,083,954	232,096	9,153,492	206,916,211
TRANSFERS FROM (TO) OTHER PROGRAMS	-	1,113,685	(1,073,685)	-	-	(1,710,596)	-	1,670,596	-
<b>CHANGE IN NET POSITION</b>	(36,421)	76,899,125	(10,456,361)	2,080,326	-	127,373,358	232,096	10,824,088	206,916,211
<b>NET POSITION</b>									
Beginning of year	394,287	309,769,794	88,054,149	132,012,227	-	1,572,574,584	(221,765)	188,554,651	2,291,137,927
End of year	\$ 357,866	\$ 386,668,919	\$ 77,597,788	\$ 134,092,553	\$ -	\$ 1,699,947,942	\$ 10,331	\$ 199,378,739	\$ 2,498,054,138

**FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION**

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

**SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM CASH FLOWS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017**

	Restricted Programs								2017
	Single Family Home Ownership	Single Family Homeowner Mortgage	Homeowner Mortgage Revenue (Special Program)	Guarantee	Multifamily Housing Revenue	State and Federal	Subsidiary Corporations	Operating	
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>									
Interest received on conduit debt fund investments	\$ 134,795	\$ 94,424,541	\$ 25,279,688	\$ -	\$ 2,058,540	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 121,897,564
Cash received from interest on loans receivable	-	3,947,098	-	-	26,318,778	15,116,434	-	46,162	45,428,472
Cash received from principal payments on loans receivable	-	10,166,292	-	-	86,002,458	41,500,554	-	159,381	137,828,685
Cash received for federal program administrative fees	-	-	-	-	-	4,114,325	-	7,803,485	11,917,810
Cash received from fee income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,049,338	18,049,338
Cash received from other revenues	-	(230,175)	-	93,345	12,848	10,252	-	11,813,743	11,700,013
Cash payments for issuance of loans and federal programs	-	(207,832)	-	-	(85,507,896)	(339,244,361)	-	(93,690)	(425,053,779)
Interest paid on conduit debt fund bonds	(136,043)	(17,104,135)	(19,673,634)	-	(24,117,056)	-	-	-	(61,030,868)
Cash payments for operating expenses	(394)	(6,902,318)	(1,382,992)	(696,133)	(3,701,054)	(23,963,864)	-	(21,318,572)	(57,965,327)
Payments to other governments	-	-	-	-	-	(98,987,155)	-	-	(98,987,155)
Net cash used for operation of foreclosed properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14,683)	-	(14,683)
Proceeds from disposition of property held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,000	-	1,000
Cash receipts from (payments to) other funds	136	(598,055)	(109,226)	-	(24,086)	528,287	-	202,944	-
<b>NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED BY) OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(1,506)</b>	<b>83,495,416</b>	<b>4,113,836</b>	<b>(602,788)</b>	<b>1,042,532</b>	<b>(400,925,528)</b>	<b>(13,683)</b>	<b>16,662,791</b>	<b>(296,228,930)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>									
Proceeds from issuance of notes	-	-	-	-	33,370,526	-	-	-	33,370,526
Proceeds from issuance of bonds	-	204,038,600	-	-	51,031,802	-	-	-	255,070,402
Principal payments on notes	-	-	-	-	(8,184,571)	-	-	-	(8,184,571)
Principal payments on bonds	(406,051)	(121,265,683)	(104,650,406)	-	(79,047,181)	-	-	-	(305,369,321)
Proceeds from collateralized bank loan	-	7,490,000	26,620,000	-	-	-	-	-	34,110,000
Transfers from (to) other programs	-	1,113,685	(1,073,685)	-	-	(1,710,596)	-	1,670,596	-
Cash received for federal and state programs	-	-	-	-	-	257,506,044	-	204,792	257,710,836
State documentary stamp tax receipts	-	-	-	-	-	282,246,299	-	-	282,246,299
Payments to state agencies	-	-	-	-	-	(116,914,438)	-	-	(116,914,438)
<b>NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED BY) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>(406,051)</b>	<b>91,376,602</b>	<b>(79,104,091)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(2,829,424)</b>	<b>421,127,309</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,875,388</b>	<b>432,039,733</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>									
Purchases of investments	-	(2,945,982,478)	(210,576,541)	(1,521,752)	(34,524,192)	(274,419,484)	(19,231)	(94,000,072)	(3,561,043,750)
Proceeds from the sale and maturity of investments	401,675	2,773,506,178	310,153,534	25,002	13,954,188	245,382,152	18,658	72,927,999	3,416,369,386
Interest received on investments	-	-	-	2,091,753	-	6,415,959	1,049	4,327,909	12,836,670
<b>NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>401,675</b>	<b>(172,476,300)</b>	<b>99,576,993</b>	<b>595,003</b>	<b>(20,570,004)</b>	<b>(22,621,373)</b>	<b>476</b>	<b>(16,744,164)</b>	<b>(131,837,694)</b>
<b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>(5,882)</b>	<b>2,395,718</b>	<b>24,586,738</b>	<b>(7,785)</b>	<b>(22,356,896)</b>	<b>(2,419,592)</b>	<b>(13,207)</b>	<b>1,794,015</b>	<b>3,973,109</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>									
Beginning of year	633,862	29,583,495	43,854,972	310,167	79,449,306	80,040,758	23,838	1,467,088	235,363,486
End of year	\$ 627,980	\$ 31,979,213	\$ 68,441,710	\$ 302,382	\$ 57,092,410	\$ 77,621,166	\$ 10,631	\$ 3,261,103	\$ 239,336,595

**FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION**

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

**SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROGRAM CASH FLOWS (continued)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017**

	Restricted Programs							Operating	2017
	Single Family Home Ownership	Single Family Homeowner Mortgage	Homeowner Mortgage Revenue (Special Program)	Guarantee	Multifamily Housing Revenue	State and Federal	Subsidiary Corporations		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED BY) OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Operating income (loss)	\$ (36,421)	\$ 75,785,440	\$ (9,382,676)	\$ 2,080,326	\$ -	\$ (43,067,821)	\$ 232,096	\$ 8,948,700	\$ 34,559,644
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities									
Unrealized (gain) loss on investments	34,676	10,415,639	15,595,495	(409,131)	674,971	(552,676)	(124)	(398,266)	25,360,584
Provision for uncollectible loans	-	(214,518)	-	-	-	(41,809,288)	-	116,792	(41,907,014)
Amortization and depreciation	-	(9,016,103)	(1,086,571)	(173,992)	(5,714)	(44,547)	(9)	(3,388,833)	(13,715,769)
Interest received on investments	-	-	-	(2,091,753)	-	(6,415,959)	(1,049)	(4,327,909)	(12,836,670)
Disposition of property held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-	286,900	-	286,900
Changes in assets and liabilities which provided (used) cash									
Interest receivable on investments	2,023	(86,156)	339,143	(101,514)	(72,179)	(18,788)	-	(231,872)	(169,343)
Interest receivable on loans	-	48,532	-	-	(172,042)	652,727	-	-	529,217
Loans receivable	-	9,958,460	-	-	4,393,149	(297,743,807)	-	(389,309)	(283,781,507)
Other assets	-	20,817	-	-	-	19,922	20,306	2,056,894	2,117,939
Accounts payable and other liabilities	-	-	-	-	3,336	(12,780,050)	(245,331)	624,183	(12,397,862)
Accrued interest payable	(1,920)	(2,818,640)	(1,242,329)	-	143,683	-	-	-	(3,919,206)
Unearned fee income	-	-	-	93,276	-	-	-	13,414,207	13,507,483
Due to developers	-	-	-	-	(3,898,586)	-	-	35,260	(3,863,326)
Interfund receivable (payable)	136	(598,055)	(109,226)	-	(24,086)	834,759	(306,472)	202,944	-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED BY) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (1,506)	\$ 83,495,416	\$ 4,113,836	\$ (602,788)	\$ 1,042,532	\$ (400,925,528)	\$ (13,683)	\$ 16,662,791	\$ (296,228,930)







COMPLIANCE SECTION

**FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION**  
(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017**

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Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	CFDA Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT			
Housing Finance Agencies (HFA) Risk Sharing		14.188	\$ 4,707,977
HOME Investment Partnerships Program		14.239	281,776,438
ARRA – Tax Credit Assistance Program		14.258	<u>101,134,952</u>
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			<u>387,619,367</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY			
Passed through Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services – State Energy Program	DE-EE0000241	81.041	<u>87,130</u>
Total U.S. Department of Energy			<u>87,130</u>
TOTAL			<u><u>\$387,706,497</u></u>

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

# FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION

(A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

## NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

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### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Florida Housing Finance Corporation (Florida Housing) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Florida Housing, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Florida Housing.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in either the Uniform Guidance or the OMB Cost Circulars wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Florida Housing has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### 3. HOUSING FINANCE AGENCIES (HFA) RISK SHARING – CFDA # 14.188

On November 9, 1994, Florida Housing and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) entered into a Risk Sharing Agreement providing for HUD's assumption, or endorsement, of 50% of the post-construction obligation on specific multifamily developments financed by Florida Housing or local housing finance authority bonds. Pursuant to the Uniform Guidance, the value of federal awards expended under loan and loan guarantee programs is calculated as the value of new loans made during the fiscal year plus the balance of loans from previous years for which the federal government imposes continuing compliance requirements. There were no new guarantees made during 2017. The HUD-guaranteed portion of the one outstanding loan at the beginning of the year is included in the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The HUD-guaranteed portion of the outstanding loan at year-end is \$4.6 million.

### 4. HOME INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIPS PROGRAM – CFDA # 14.239

Florida Housing processes loans under the HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME). New loans made during the year ended December 31, 2017 are included in the schedule of federal awards. There were \$276.2 million in loans outstanding at December 31, 2017.

### 5. ARRA – TAX CREDIT ASSISTANCE PROGRAM – CFDA # 14.258

In 2009, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) created the Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP). This federal stimulus funding was directed to rental developments that had already received a Housing Credit allocation but required additional funding due to limited equity available in the housing credit market. There were \$101.1 million in TCAP loans outstanding at December 31, 2017.



## Report of Certified Public Accountants on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Board of Directors, Executive Director, and Chief Financial Officer of Florida Housing Finance Corporation

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Florida Housing Finance Corporation (“Florida Housing”), which comprise the statement of net position as of December 31, 2017, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 8, 2018.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Florida Housing’s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Florida Housing’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Florida Housing’s internal control.

*A deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Florida Housing's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Ernst + Young LLP*

June 8, 2018



## Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The Board of Directors, Executive Director, and Chief Financial Officer of Florida Housing Finance Corporation

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Florida Housing Finance Corporation's (Florida Housing's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the US Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Florida Housing's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2017. Florida Housing's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### ***Management's Responsibility***

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### ***Auditor's Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Florida Housing's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Florida Housing's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Florida Housing's compliance.

### ***Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

In our opinion, Florida Housing complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2017.

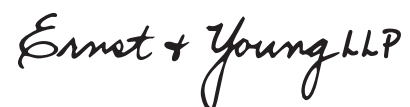
### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Florida Housing is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Florida Housing's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Florida Housing's internal control over compliance.

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



June 8, 2018

**FLORIDA HOUSING FINANCE CORPORATION**  
 (A Component Unit of the State of Florida)

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017**

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**Section I – Summary of Auditor’s Results**

***Financial Statements***

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
• Material weakness(es) identified?	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no	
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> reported	
• Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no	

***Federal Awards***

Internal control over major programs:			
• Material weakness(es) identified?	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no	
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	<input type="checkbox"/> yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no	
Identification of major federal programs:			
Name of Federal Program	CFDA Number		
Housing Finance Agencies (HFA) Risk Sharing	14.188		
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> yes	<input type="checkbox"/> no	

**Section II – Financial Statement Findings Section**

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported by *Government Auditing Standards*.

**Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs Section**

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported by 2 CFR 200.516(a).









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